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IN BIOMEDICINE

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1. FOREWORD

The year of 2023 was overshadowed by wars in Ukraine and in the Middle East, in Israel and Gaza. In addition, while the Covid-19 pandemic has still not disappeared, outbreaks of serious diseases were much less frequent and strict measures were no longer applied.

Despite all difficulties, this past year was marked by a large number of annual meetings and workshops with physical presence which, after two years of online conferences, provided excellent opportunities for the intellectual exchange of ideas. In international scientific life there were also cheerful moments. Katalin Karikó and her research partner, Drew Weissman won the 2023 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. The Nobel Assembly acknowledged the researchers “for their discoveries concerning nucleoside base modifications that enabled the development of effective mRNA vaccines against Covid-19.” The 2023 Nobel Prize in Physics was awarded to Pierre Agostini, Ferenc Krausz and Anne L’Huillier, for experimental methods that generate attosecond pulses of light for the study of electron dynamics in matter. It was a special privilege for me that at the beginning of the year both Katalin Karikó and myself attended at a conference titled “Converging on the Person: Emerging Technologies for the Common Good,” held in the Vatican at the Auditorium of the Patristic Institute Augustinianum in Rome, on February 22–23, 2023. The introductory speech was delivered by Pope Francis.

In Hungary the most important event in the field of bioethics was Dániel Karsai’s fight for self-determination and the autonomy of end-of-life decisions. He is a lawyer who suffers from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS). For months he managed to put the issue of euthanasia and assisted suicide in the center of public and media attention. Furthermore, he filed a petition to the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR). Several workshops and media discussions were dedicated to this topic which was unprecedented in the Hungarian history of bioethics so far. The clear legal reasoning provided by the applicant-patient himself also made this case very special. I was appointed as an expert on bioethics in front of the Court, and I was providing my answers during a special hearing before the open session of this case.

In 2022 and 2023 CELAB’s main research activity was based on the Leviathan Project (its full name is Taming the European Leviathan: The Legacy of Post-War Medicine and the Common Good), which seeks to reconstruct the development of a common European identity after the Second World War, especially in the fields of public health and health care. In October 2019, a multidisciplinary and transnational research team, in which I am one of the Principal Investigators, received the prestigious Synergy Grant of the European Research Council (ERC) to finance our research for six years. The funding for the CEU team that I have the responsibility to build and coordinate is approximately 2.4 million

1. FOREWORD

“Information societies, big data sets, and sophisticated data analytics do not necessarily signal the end of privacy and confidentiality, the end of informed consent, the end of transactionalism—and, to the extent that such values and ideas are important for the preservation of the commons, regulators should not let them slide.”

Roger Brownsword (2019) *Law, Technology, and Society: Reimagining the Regulatory Environment* (Abingdon and New York: Routledge), 333.

euros for this period. The total amount of the grant is close to 10 million euros—the maximum possible amount of an ERC Synergy Grant. The project started in October 2020 and right at the beginning it had to overcome administrative hurdles posed by fundamental institutional changes—one within the European Union as a result of Brexit, the other one within the Central European University that relocated to Vienna as CEU PU.

Interdisciplinary collaboration, the hallmark of CELAB, is also a key aspect of our ERC team. What we have found to be most beneficial and intellectually stimulating was the effect of methodological pluralism on our research processes. We expect that the findings of our research will be groundbreaking as a result of working with previously unknown sources (such as the personal archives of important figures in the history of medicine), and as significant intellectual and professional alliances across the two sides of the systemic divide of the Cold War will be revealed. Research on health laws and the public health regulations of the period has proven to be novel, as has research on the post-war European development of medical deontology and ethical codes, developments in pharmaceutical trials across Europe, and different levels of collaboration regarding health communications across Europe.

In the topics of our research, we participated in several conferences. In April Éva Földes and myself delivered a paper with the title “Reproduction and Privacy in the Post-War Netherlands and Hungary” at the European Social Science History Conference held in Gothenburg, Sweden. In the Leviathan Project workshop organized in June at the University of Hamburg, and titled “Beyond Binaries: Gender, Sexuality, and Medicine in Post-War Europe,” Viola Lászlófi and myself presented a paper on “Women Facing the Committee: Decision Making on Abortion in Postwar Hungary.” In September I attended another Leviathan Project workshop in Berlin. It was titled “Socialist Governmentality? Healthcare, Technologies of the Self, and Subjectification in European State Socialism, 1945–1990” and organized by the Berlin team of the Leviathan Project. Just like the other Principal Investigators, I acted as a commentator to two papers.

Representing the Budapest team of the Leviathan project, Péter Kakuk and myself participated at the 35th Annual Conference of the European Society for the Philosophy of Medicine and Health Care (ESPMH), titled *Methods in Bioethics and Philosophy of Medicine*. The conference was organized jointly by ESPMH, the Institute of Clinical and Preventive Medicine of the University of Latvia, and the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Latvia in Riga, Latvia, on August 23–26, 2023. Péter presented a paper on “Opening Up Past Futures: Eugenics, Family Planning and the Liberalization of Abortion” and I contributed with a presentation titled “From the Biopolitics of Reproduction

to the Bioethics of Reproduction.” Péter also took part in a *Special Seminar on Assisted Dying, Euthanasia, and Autonomy* with his paper on “End-of-Life Decisions in Hungary: The Hospital Black Box.”

In the summer of 2023 we launched a job search and interviewed applicants. As a result, we have two new team members, Barna Szamosi and Branka Bogdan. Barna joined the team in November 2023 and Branka is going to follow him in January 2024. Further information on the progress of the Leviathan Project can be found at our website: leviathan-europe.eu.

We also continued to participate in projects that are not within a European research framework. The International Academic Network on Bioethics (RUIB-IANB) has been organizing annual workshops on various bioethics-related topics and the main purpose of these collaborations is to apply a comparative perspective to the analysis of the selected topic. Although the conferences have not reconvened since the Covid-19 pandemic, the members of the network still work together online on the previous workshop proceedings. The papers presented and discussed at the workshops are collected into edited volumes and almost 20 books have been already published with the chapters written by the network members. The last two volumes were issued by LEH Éditions in Bourdeaux, France in 2022 and 2023. The first, titled *Le consentement à l’acte médical, autonomie réelle ou fictive?* (Consent to Medical Treatment: Real or Fictional Autonomy?), came out in September 2022. I contributed to this book with a chapter on the case of implementing the concept of informed consent into Hungarian law, titled “Le consentement à l’acte médical en Hongrie, entre un choix délibéré et une condition purement formelle.” The second volume, titled *L’acte médical pour autrui: Panorama international* (Medical Interventions for the Benefit of Others) and published in October 2023, provides a comparative survey on medical procedures that benefit other people than those targeted by the intervention, such as in the case of organ donation. My chapter, titled “Actes médicaux dans l’intérêt d’autrui en Hongrie” focused on the Hungarian example.

For an edited book on regulating abortion around the world (*L’interruption de grossesse en droit comparé: Entre cultures et universalisme?*) I wrote a chapter in which I assessed the changes in the Post-War regulations on abortion in Hungary titled “Hongrie: Tension entre un cadre juridique relativement libéral et une politique nataliste.” I also described the nature of Hungarian pronatalist politics and its manifestation in different periods of time. I examined the current law and its modification, the relevant decisions of the Constitutional Court, also the evolution of the Hungarian abortion law within a relatively liberal framework but with pronatalist aims.

Another volume was published in 2022 with the title the *Cambridge Handbook of Information Technology, Life Sciences, and Human Rights* at the Cambridge University Press, in which I wrote a chapter on “The Right to Have a Child: Through the Lens of the Third Phase Reproductive Technologies.” This chapter looks at various new technologies that present alternatives to natural reproduction and provides an ethical assessment on whether one could construct a positive right to have a child.

During 2022–2023 I continued to take part in the activities of the World Association for Medical Law (WAML), serving as a member of the Board of Governors and contributing to the WAML Newsletter as guest editor in the topics of gene editing; the application of artificial intelligence in health care; and physician assisted dying. I also attended the annual conference of WAML, which took place in Vilnius in August 2023. My presentation, titled “Knowing Me, Knowing You: Privacy and Emerging Technologies in Health Care” discussed various cases where privacy is challenged and explored possible solutions within biomedical law.

I have been a member of the Social Sciences and Humanities Jury of the Falling Walls competitions since 2020 and promoted innovative research in such fields as population health equity, gender equality, and the social implications of new technologies. In 2023 I became a mentor in the Falling Walls Female Science Talents program.

Violeta Beširević continued her work as a Chief Editor of *Pravni zapisi*, a journal on legal theory published in Serbian and English. In 2023 she was appointed Dean of the Faculty of Law at Union University, Belgrade.

On March 10, 2023, CELAB once again organized the UniStem Day at the CEU Budapest campus with the active participation of students from various secondary schools. Presentations were given by excellent researchers, such as András Dinnyés, Elen Gócza, and András Füredi.

CELAB maintains productive professional relations with the Democracy Institute in the Budapest campus, and also with faculty at the Vienna campus where CEU PU operates.

Further information on our activities can be found in our previous Annual Reports; on our Facebook page www.facebook.com/Center.CELAB; and posted to the CELAB subsite of the CEU website celab.ceu.edu.

Judit Sándor

Director of the Center for Ethics and Law in Biomedicine (CELAB)

2. RESEARCH AND POLICY ACTIVITIES

2.1. PARTICIPATION AND COLLABORATION IN RESEARCH NETWORKS

2.1.1. Taming the European Leviathan: The Legacy of Post-War Medicine and the Common Good (Leviathan ERC Project)



Type of funding scheme: ERC Synergy Grant
 Grant agreement ID: 854503
 Starting date: October 2020
 Duration: 2020–2026

Participating Institutions:

Charité Universitätsmedizin — Berlin, Germany
 Bulgarian Academy of Sciences — Sofia, Bulgaria
 Central European University — Budapest, Hungary
 University of Hamburg — Hamburg, Germany

Principal Investigators: Volker Hess, Anelia Kassabova, Judit Sándor, and Ulf Schmidt

What is Europe? When studying post-war Europe, the focus is on ideological divisions, competing economic models and on the different political systems separating Western and Eastern Europe. The EU-funded Taming the European Leviathan: The Legacy of Post-War Medicine and the Common Good (LEVIATHAN) project challenges existing east-west interpretations of European identity. Rather than studying postwar Europe's two halves separately, we aim to understand Europe as one. European history, we argue, is characterized by a preoccupation with health as the common good. By taking medicine as an analytical lens, we will develop a common history of Europe beyond the usual east-west dichotomy. The Leviathan Project takes a multidisciplinary approach: neither economics nor politics nor ideology nor everyday life, but an integration of these perspec-

tives makes it possible to understand the pursuit of the European common good

The Leviathan Project, which officially started in October 2020, is unique in the sense that histories of postwar Europe have usually focused on the divisions of ideology, the competing economic systems, and the contrasting political structures that separated Western and Eastern Europe from each other. This project is distinguished by its multidisciplinary approach in which the conceptual, institutional, and legal frameworks of pursuing the development of common good are going to be studied in the two sides of Europe.

Thus, on the one hand, the life sciences' claim to universal truth offers a privileged perspective beyond the usual oppositions of ideology, economic and political systems. On the other hand, medicine and health care systems are socially, politically, economically, technologically, and culturally determined more than nearly any other field of our modern life. The innovative approach of the project, which applies medicine as an analytical lens, goes beyond its heuristic methodology. Rather than merely studying postwar Europe's two halves separately the researchers aim to understand Europe as one. By reconstructing the genealogy of common values and principles attached to health and life sciences in Europe, we can develop a better understanding of Europe's present and find answers to future challenges for preserving European identities.

The Budapest Team of the Leviathan Project took up the role of examining how ethical perspectives and legal policies reflect differences and similarities between the East and the West. We explore those elements of the legal system, such as right to health, principle of autonomy, principle of non-commodification, that are relevant in studying the development of public health policies. The project is a truly multidisciplinary one that requires multiple skills and some methodological innovations—especially taking into account linguistic challenges but also the difficulties



Participants of the Leviathan Workshop in Geneva

in decoding the highly rhetorical language applied during state socialism. Judit Sándor, principal investigator and the leader of the Budapest Team in the Leviathan Project, has built a research team of historians, lawyers and bioethicists and initiated small-scale studies in the relevant fields. She has also prepared a research thesaurus and helped in the development of ethical norms for conducting research. She discussed research findings with the individual members of the Budapest research team and also conducted several preliminary expert interviews in order to better understand how stakeholders interpret this historical period. In the first phase of the project, Prof Sándor focuses primarily on biopolitics and the politics of reproduction in post-war Europe; for this purpose, she has studied the history of reproductive rights and collected legal sources for analysis.

Members of the Budapest Team have been involved in the dissemination of the research results in various conference presentations and publications (see them in Section 2.2 below). Judit Sándor has written two articles on the history of public health policies across postwar Europe, together with Ulf Schmidt (another PI of the Leviathan Project) and Jonathan Moreno. The first of this series was published in *Hastings Center Report* with the title “The Vaccination Cold War” in September 2021 (see the publication details in Section 4.4 below). The second paper titled “Autonomy and Social Responsibility: The Post-Pandemic Challenge” appeared in the Summer 2022 issue of *Perspectives in Biology and Medicine*.

CELAB Participants in this Network (the Budapest team): Judit Sándor (Principal Investigator), Éva Földes (Senior Researcher), Pétek Kakuk (Senior Researcher), Márton Varju (Senior Researcher), Viola Lászlófi (Junior Researcher), Barna Szamosi (Post-Doctoral Researcher), Branka Bogdan (Post-Doctoral Researcher) and Krisztina Zsukotynszky (Project Manager)

Project website: <https://leviathan-europe.eu/>
ERC website: <https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/854503>

2.1.2. International Academic Network on Bioethics (IANB–RUIB)



In 2007 an inter-university Francophone network was created in the field of bioethics, based on the idea of Brigitte Feuillet-Liger from the University of Rennes. Since then the network has brought together academics and legal scholars from different countries belonging to different cultures, and has actively collaborated with other, non-academic professionals who specialize in the field of biomedicine. The permanent members of IANB represent eighteen countries (Belgium, Brazil, Chile, France, Germany, Greece, Holland, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Portugal, Senegal, Spain,

Switzerland, Tunisia, Turkey, the United Kingdom, and the United States). Professor Judit Sándor has been a member of the Advisory Board and the network since the beginnings.

The Network organizes annual workshops on various bioethics-related topics and the main purpose of these conferences is to apply a comparative perspective to the analysis of the selected topics. The chosen research themes allow an exploration of the legal regimes in each country and assist our understanding of the different underlying cultural and religious foundations. The last three workshops had to be postponed due to the Covid-19 pandemic and its aftermath, but the members of the network continued their collaboration on the proceedings of the previous conferences.

The International Academic Network on Bioethics has published almost 20 edited volumes that contained chapters written by the members of the network. The last two books were published by LEH Éditions in Bourdeaux, France in 2022 and 2023. The first, titled *Le consentement à l'acte médical, autonomie réelle ou fictive?* (Consent to Medical Treatment: Real or Fictional Autonomy?) and edited by Amel Aouij Mrad, Brigitte Feuillet-Liger and Aurélien Rissel, came out in September 2022. The second volume, titled *L'acte médical pour autrui: Panorama international* (Medical Interventions for the Benefit of Others) and edited by Hassan Abdelhamid, Sophie Dumas-Lavenac and Aurélien Rissel, provides a comparative survey on medical procedures that benefit other people than those targeted by the intervention, such as in the case of organ donation. It was published in October 2023. For a full list of the edited volumes, see <https://ruib.univ-rennes.fr/ouvrages>



Book cover for *L'acte medical pour autrui*

CELAB Participant in this Network: Judit Sándor is a member of the Steering Committee and a contributor to the workshop meetings and publications.

Network website in English: <https://ruib.univ-rennes.fr/en/presentation-ianb>

Full list of annual workshops in French: <https://ruib.univ-rennes.fr/workshops>

2.1.3. World Association of Medical Law (WAML)

The World Association for Medical Law (WAML) was established in 1967 in Ghent, Belgium, where it held the first World Congress for Medical Law. The Association is a not-for profit organization, and its purpose is to encourage the study and discussion of problems concerning medical and health care law, forensic and legal medicine, bioethics and medical ethics, and their possible solution in ways that are beneficial to humanity and the advancement of human rights. The aims of WAML are to promote the study of the consequences of new developments in medicine, health care, and related sciences; to address any matters that involve issues of medical and health law; to provide political leadership and advocacy for the medical law professionals; and to encourage research and development in medical law and related fields.

The World Association for Medical Law organizes annual conferences for professionals of medical law, forensic and legal medicine. Judit Sándor, Director of CELAB, has taken part in these conferences since 1994 and the most recent Congress was held in Vilnius, Lithuania on August 2–4, 2023. The Association also publishes a journal, *Medicine and Law* and a quarterly *WAML Newsletter*.

Judit Sándor is a member of the WAML Board of Governors; she was elected as Governor in August 2018 by the General Assembly at the Congress held in Tel-Aviv. She has also been guest editor of three *WAML Newsletters* in the topics of gene editing; the application of artificial intelligence in health care; and physician assisted dying.

CELAB Participant in this Association: Judit Sándor, Member of the WAML Board of Governors

2. RESEARCH AND POLICY ACTIVITIES

2.2. RESEARCH RELATED WORKSHOPS AND CONFERENCES

2.2.1. Leviathan Project Workshop, Budapest



Participants of the Leviathan Workshop in Budapest

The Center for Ethics and Law in Biomedicine at the Central European University held a conference at the Budapest Campus of CEU on September 25–27, 2022, for the members of the Leviathan Project teams. After two years of mostly online meetings and collaboration, this was the first time that the Leviathan team members could discuss their work in person.

The first offline meeting of the Principal Investigators was followed by a workshop in which the Leviathan researchers could present papers on their preliminary results. The presentations covered such wide-ranging topics as health propaganda, medical migration, transplantation statistics, aquatherapy, homes for disabled children and the elderly, women’s reproductive rights and end-of-life decisions, among others. The Budapest team was represented at the conference by Márton Varju, who discussed his paper on “Law and Health Care in State Socialism: A Case for Socialist Selective Legality?”, and Éva Földes, who presented on “Breaking the Taboo: End-of-Life Decisions in the Post-War Netherlands.”

At the end of the Leviathan workshop at Budapest, the team members made a visit to the Semmelweis Museum of Medical History. The museum traces the history of medicine from Graeco-Roman times through medical tools and photographs; inevitably in Hungary, yet another antique pharmacy makes an appearance. Much is made about the life and works of Ignác Semmelweis (1818–1865), the “savior of mothers,” who discovered the cause of puerperal (childbirth) fever but whose observations were not accepted in his life. Dr. Semmelweis

was born in this house. The temporary exhibition on the development of curing tuberculosis was the main part of the program.

CELAB Participants at this Workshop: Judit Sándor, Éva Földes, Péter Kakuk, and Márton Varju

2.2.2. Converging on the Person – Conference of the Pontifical Academy for Life, Vatican City

The Pontifical Academy for Life held a two-day workshop in Vatican City focusing on the ethical aspects of the so-called “converging technologies” (nanotechnology, biotechnology information technology, and cognitive science). The international conference, titled “Converging on the Person: Emerging Technologies for the Common Good,” took place on February 20–22, 2023, with the participation of academics and scholars from around the world.

In his address to the participants, Pope Francis highlighted three important challenges in this



Pope Francis welcomes Judit Sándor

delicate field “where progress, ethics and society meet.” The first is the rapid change brought by technological progress in humanity’s living conditions. The second challenge is the impact of new technologies on the definitions of ‘humanity’ and ‘relationship’, especially with regard to the condition of vulnerable individuals. The third challenge

is the definition of the concept of knowledge and the resulting consequences, noting that “the type of knowledge we implement already has in itself moral implications.” His conclusion is that technology must be at the service of humanity.

As one of the invited speakers, Judit Sándor gave a presentation on “Human Rights and New Emerging Technologies.” In her paper she compared the ethical and legal reception of two technologies: genome editing and artificial intelligence.

2.2.3. European Social Science History Conference – IISH Conference, Gothenburg

Members of the ERC-funded project Taming the European Leviathan: The Legacy of Post-War Medicine and the Common Good participated in the biennial European Social Science History Conference held in Gothenburg, Sweden, on April 12–15, 2023. Organized every two years by the International Institute of Social History (IISH), the ESSHC



Panel participants at the Gothenburg Conference

and its meetings are venues for in-depth scholarly discussions on a variety of historical topics, bringing together scholars from different countries around the world, using different methods of social science.

The Leviathan project team initiated and organized three panels in three different thematic networks of the conference, reflecting the wide range of topics covered by the Leviathan project. The debates in these panels, as well as in the other panels in which the principal investigators and the researchers of the project participated, expanded the scholarly networks of team members, and opened up further perspectives.

Judit Sándor organized a panel on *Family, Sex, and Reproduction: Legacy of the Cold War* in which four papers were discussed on April 14, 2023. Kate Docking gave a presentation on “Sexology and the Management of Bodies in Post-War Europe”; Andrea Espinoza Carvajal on “Family, Sex, and Reproduction. Transnational Conversations between the Andes and the Socialist World”; Éva Földes and Judit Sándor on “Reproduction and Privacy in the Post-War Netherlands and Hungary”; and Yanara Schmacks on “West German Feminist Activism against Reproductive Technologies and the German Past.” Agata Ignaciuk commented on the presentations as panel discussant.

CELAB Participants at the Conference: Éva Földes and Judit Sándor

2.2.4. Beyond Binaries – Leviathan Project Workshop, Hamburg

The Centre for the Study of Health, Ethics and Society at the University of Hamburg held a conference at the Warburg Haus on June 9–10, 2023, for the members of the Leviathan Project teams. The Leviathan workshop with the title “Beyond Binaries: Gender, Sexuality, and Medicine in Post-War Europe” was organized by Kate Docking and David Peace from the Hamburg team.

The workshop considered how gender and sexuality—broadly conceived both methodologically and thematically—helps to inform historical understanding of the role of medicine in post-war Europe. It aimed to explore how histories of gender and sexuality illuminate individual medical experiences and the complex relations between patients, doctors, policymakers, pharmaceutical companies, and medical ethicists during the Cold War period.

The conference brought together scholars working across disciplines to examine how theoretical approaches incorporating gender and sexuality can shed light on medical ethics, scientific practices, and policymaking associated with health across ideological divides. It examined how histories of gender and sexuality can help our understanding of individual medical experiences and the complex relations between patients, doctors, policymakers, pharmaceutical companies, and medical ethicists.

2. RESEARCH AND POLICY ACTIVITIES



Participants of the Hamburg workshop

Exploring gender and sexuality in the context of post-war medicine helps us to examine potential similarities in medical practices, policies, and experiences across Europe, which moves beyond its Cold War security context and ideological differences to highlight the exchange of scientific ideas across the ‘Iron Curtain’. By examining gender, sexuality, and medicine in the post-war period we feel this conference helped to foster new scholarly perspectives on Europe as a continent that, to an extent, shared common ground through parallel experiences, policies, ideas, and beliefs.

Viola Lászlófi and Judit Sándor gave a presentation on their ongoing research titled “Women Facing the Committee: Decision Making on Abortion in Postwar Hungary.”

CELAB Participants in this Workshop: Judit Sándor and Viola Lászlófi

2.2.5. Comparative Legal History Conference, Augsburg

The Seventh Biennial Conference of the European Society of Comparative Legal History took place at the University of Augsburg, Germany, on June 21–23, 2023. The conference is the largest scientific gathering in Europe of both comparative legal historians and scholars of comparative law focusing on the past. Márton Varju presented a paper that he wrote together with Judit Sándor on “Protect-

ing Human Health in State Socialist Central Europe: A Common Aim and Disparate Laws?” The paper collected and analyzed cross-country divergences in the incorporation of the protection of health as a common socialist objective and the right to health as a socialist fundamental right in the constitutions of state socialist Central Europe. By revealing disparate constitutional developments, the paper argued that the different socialist regimes at different times in their evolution approached and treated the objective of health protection differently, which contradicts narratives of parallel political and ideological development. Instead, health in Central European socialisms was characterized by conflicting viewpoints, as well as by national roads in realizing a core objective of socialist transformation.

CELAB Participant at this Conference: Márton Varju

2.2.6. 27th World Congress for Medical Law – WAML Conference, Vilnius

The 27th Congress of the World Association for Medical Law (WAML) took place in Vilnius, Lithuania, on August 2–4, 2023. Judit Sándor presented a paper on the challenges to privacy posed by new technologies in health care. The capacity of artificial intelligence to monitor and evaluate health data and behavioral patterns, and the complexity of data processing that is not fully transparent for medical professionals who make decisions based on its assessment, put the individual in a vulnerable position. At first glance, artificial intelligence is very useful in the process of establishing diagnoses and suggesting therapies, but meaningful human contacts between doctor and patient, and the transparency of decision-making based on the informed consent of the latter, will remain crucial in health care. Equally problematic is the lack of balance between collecting unprecedented amounts of health data about an individual, making humans transparent in many ways, and the technology of processing such data, which is opaque for not only the patient but also the medical professionals. The presentation, titled “Knowing Me, Knowing You: Privacy and Emerging Technologies in Health Care” discussed various situations where privacy is challenged and explored possible solutions within biomedical law.

CELAB Participant at this Conference: Judit Sándor



Péter Kakuk at the Riga conference

2.2.7. Methods in Bioethics and Philosophy of Medicine – ESPMH Conference, Riga

The 35th Annual Conference of the European Society for the Philosophy of Medicine and Health Care (ESPMH) took place in Riga, Latvia, on August 23–26, 2023. The title of this year's ESPMH conference was "Methods in Bioethics and Philosophy of Medicine" and CELAB was represented by Judit Sándor, Director, and Péter Kakuk, Senior Researcher.

Judit Sándor gave a paper titled "From the Biopolitics of Reproduction to the Bioethics of Reproduction." Eugenics, racial hygiene, marriage laws, antinatalism, sterilization, pronatalism and anti-abortion campaigns: these notions all represent various forms of biopolitical interventions that may differ in their level of coercion and discriminatory effect but all place reproduction and family planning in the center of biopolitics. In many state-socialist countries population politics during the cold war period was regarded as a means of compelling citizen subjects to reproduce the sufficient labor force and by this exercising control over the most private sphere of the individual. Despite the various ethical dilemmas, reproduction was rarely seen through the lens of reproductive ethics. While homogenization efforts within the state socialist period helped to reduce racial biases, some hidden patterns of eugenic thinking still remained in the field of medicine. Sterilization practices and access to abortion often had hidden eugenic concerns. Socialist population control

gradually fostered pronatalism and the commodification of reproduction transformed biopolitics from eugenic control to the control over women's bodies. The presentation addressed the evolution of bioethics beyond biopolitics in the field of human reproduction by applying historical analysis and feminist legal theory.

Péter Kakuk presented a paper titled "Opening Up Past Futures: Eugenics, Family Planning and the Liberalization of Abortion." In the presentation, Prof. Kakuk explained that while during the first part of the twentieth century eugenics had a formative role in thinking about population and human reproduction, after the second world war, however, its institutionalization significantly weakened, if not fully disappeared. During the cold war period the symbolic tree of the eugenic movement seemed to collapse, but its roots might have survived or even raised into new forms. Probably one of the most overlooked historical trajectories of eugenics was its connection to the liberalization of abortion law. The paper investigated the transformation of interwar eugenics into family planning in the 1950's and to the emergence of reproductive rights in the 1980's with a specific focus on selective abortion. While one can observe a transition from "family planning" to "sexual and reproductive rights" on a global scale, and the partial liberalization of abortion in state socialist Hungary was part of this trend, the Hungarian abortion law of 1973 demonstrated that demographic policies had potential eugenic elements.

CELAB Participants at this Conference: Péter Kakuk and Judit Sándor

2.2.8. Crisis in Medicine and Health – EAHMH Biennial Conference, Oslo

The European Association for the History of Medicine and Health held its biennial conference in Oslo, Norway from August 30 to September 2, 2023, with the title Crisis in Medicine and Health. Pandemic crises, crises of war, or crises within health systems have been ongoing throughout history. Yet, not all forms of suffering are equally visible as crises, and declarations of crises are likely to have vastly different effects on those minoritized, racialized, and economically marginalized compared to those positioned at the mainstream of any given health system. Declaring crisis is a tool of power

2. RESEARCH AND POLICY ACTIVITIES

and control, giving a specific temporal shape to a set of events. That does not mean that there is no such thing as urgency, disruption, or acceleration, but naming it a crisis, is as much a question of bringing a situation about as responding to it. Crises, whether in systems, in societies or in the individual suffering of patients, are moments of decisive change, which invites us to reassess the different pasts of suffering and healing that we study. An examination of past crises can also help us reconsider the presents that we are in and the futures we envision.

Viola Lászlófi presented a paper at this conference with the title “The Crisis of Biopolitics or Biopoliticizing the Crisis? Discourses on the Problems of Socialist Healthcare in Late Socialist Hungary”

CELAB Participant at this Conference: Viola Lászlófi

2.2.9. Socialist Governmentality? – Leviathan Project Workshop, Berlin

The Leviathan Project held a conference on September 13–14, 2023 in Berlin with the title “Socialist Governmentality? Healthcare, Technologies of the Self, and Subjectification in European State Socialism, 1945–1990.” It was organized by Alexa Geisthövel and Laura Hottenrott from the Berlin team. The two-day workshop aimed to discuss the question whether and how Michel Foucault’s ideas on liberal (and capitalist) “governmentality” can be productively applied to contemporary or historical socialist societies.

In the last decades, this concept of governmentality helped to understand how neoliberalism made citizens responsible for the former tasks of the postwar-welfare state and how the market redistributed those tasks to the individual (subject). From this theoretical standpoint, governmentality seems incompatible with socialist ideology, state control, physical repression, and the prerogative of the collective. In recent years, however, we learned that pursuing a bottom-up perspective can provide additional or even deeper insights into the complexities of socialist realities. And this was the specific aim of the workshop: to take a closer look at governmentality, not from the perspective of policy makers or the power apparatus, but by using the example of healthcare in post-1945 state socialist Europe.



Judit Sándor and Ulf Schmidt, Principal Investigators of the Leviathan Project

The conference papers were discussed by the Principal Investigators of the Leviathan project, and Judit Sándor commented on two presentations: one by Ivana Dobrivojević Tomić (Belgrade) titled “Liberalism Ends Halfway? Reproductive Behavior, Health Institutions and Legislative Framework in Socialist Yugoslavia (1945–1991), and the other by Natalia Jarska (Warsaw/Brno), titled “The Smallest Babies and Experts: Medicine, Psychology, and Long-Term Effects of Prematurity in Four State Socialist Countries (1950s–1980s).”

CELAB Participant in this Workshop: Judit Sándor

2.2.10. Medical History from Below – Workshop in Utrecht

Almost forty years ago, Roy Porter published his seminal article “The Patient’s View: Doing Medical History from Below.” Historians routinely ignored the roles, perspectives, and experiences of sufferers, Porter argued, even though sufferers were the source and origin of any history of healing, and shaped medical encounters and health experiences just as much as healers did. Hence, Porter formulated his ambitious research agenda to shift focus to “the history of the sick,” which he considered central to all medical history and the backbone of social history as well.

The conference, organized by the University of Utrecht and took place on September 28–29,

2023, aimed to discuss what scholars working on patients' histories do in practice: which sources might yield new and important insights, which methodologies help to retrieve and interpret them, what sort of meaningful historical perspectives these sources and methods can (and cannot) bring, and how historians may generalize from individual patients' experiences to broader historical patterns. The workshop—titled *How to Take Patients' Histories: Doing Medical History from Below in Practice*—invited scholars working on such histories to share their experiences, struggles, and tips and to read and think along with each other's work-in-progress.

At the workshop Viola Lászlófi presented "The Art of Asking for Abortion: Women's Narratives before the Abortion Committees in the 1950s Hungary," a paper that she prepared together with Judit Sándor.

CELAB Participant at this Conference: Viola Lászlófi

2.2.11. Tensions and Intensions in Post-War Public Health in Europe – Leviathan Project Workshop, Geneva

The Leviathan project team organized a three-day conference at the Brocher Foundation in Hermance (Geneva, Switzerland) in October 17–19, 2023. The Brocher Foundation is recognized for its promotion of multidisciplinary research on the ethical, legal and social issues (ELSI) of new medical developments and health policies. Its main objective is to host researchers from around the world to work and organize workshops and academies.

The members of the Budapest team presented three papers: Péter Kakuk on "Mapping the Post-war Legacies of Eugenics in Socialist Countries: A Conceptual History of Eugenics in Hungary"; Márton Varju on "Doctors, Patients and the Impact of a 'Private Law Creep' on Patients' Rights in Socialist Health Care in Central Europe"; and Éva Földes on "Social Welfare Rights in the Post-War Europe in the Field of Health Care."

CELAB Participants at this Workshop: Judit Sándor, Éva Földes, Péter Kakuk, and Márton Varju



CELAB Dinner with the participants of the conference

2.2.12. Human Rights, Bioethics, and Biopolitics – CELAB Conference, Budapest

CELAB research fellows and affiliates organized a one-day conference on December 12, 2023, in honor of Professor Judit Sándor's three-decade-long association with the Central European University. The title "Human Rights, Bioethics, and Biopolitics" marked three key concepts and approaches in her academic career. The invited speakers and participants therefore represented three periods of her scholarly activities and research collaborations along these concepts. The conference program was divided into sessions on human rights, bioethics, and biopolitics, respectively—with a closing panel that gave room to laudations and more personal recollections.

In their welcome address, László Kontler (Pro-Rector of Central European University) presented an insightful and empathetic interpretation of Judit Sándor's academic persona, and László Bruszt (Director of the Democracy Institute) reflected on his personal and professional collaboration with Prof. Sándor.

In the *Bioethics* session József Kovács (Semmelweis University) explored "The Development

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of Bioethics in Hungary,” and Elena Brodeala (University of Zürich) gave a presentation on “Bioethics and the Law: Reflections on Non-Conventional Parenthood and Assisted Reproduction before the European Court of Human Rights.”

In the session on *Human Rights*, prominent legal scholars contributed with thought-provoking lecture presentations. Csilla Kollonay-Lehoczky (Central European University) contemplated on the possibility of “speeding up recovery from sex discrimination” in her speech on “When Medication Is Slow and Ineffective—But the Side Effects Are Strong and Beneficial.” Violeta Beširević (Faculty of Law at the Union University, Belgrade) delivered a thorough legal analysis of euthanasia in her paper on “Mission (Im)Possible: Defending A Right to Die.” In his important and timely presentation on “The Human Rights Conflict,” András Sajó (Central European University) discussed the ascent and erosion of the human rights discourse, as well as the possibilities of rejuvenating it.

There were two presentations in the hybrid Biopolitics session. First Pin Lean Lau (Brunel Law School) joined in online, and delivered a harsh critique of “The Biopolitics of Fertility Commodification” in corporate contexts from a feminist legal perspective. In his powerful contribution on “Europe’s Passport Apartheid: The Biopolitics of Survival,” Dmitry Kochenov (Central European University) denounced the bureaucratic (and sometimes racist) handling by the European Union of migrants and travelers from third countries.

In the last session Jonathan Moreno (University of Pennsylvania), signing in from Philadelphia online, gave a keynote speech on “Absolutely Es-



Judit Sándor and András Sajó

sentia!': Bioethics and the Rules-Based International Order.” Then Péter Kakuk (Central European University) recalled the development of the Center for Ethics and Law in Biomedicine in his presentation on “A CELAB Story,” and Mirko Đuković (Central European University) discussed Judit Sándor’s mentoring of students in his talk titled “Molding Future Scholars.”

2.3. POLICY AND OUTREACH ACTIVITY

Members and fellows of CELAB consider it their mission to share academic knowledge and research findings with a wide variety of audience, to reach out to policymakers, nongovernmental organizations, and secondary level educational institutions. It is one of CELAB's goals to develop a network of knowledge transfer and information exchange also beyond the academic field.

2.3.1. UniStem Day

On March 10, 2023 CELAB held the annual UniStem Day at the CEU Budapest campus with the active participation of students from various secondary schools. UniStem is the Centre for



UniStem Day in 2023

Stem Cell Research at the University of Milan, Italy, founded in 2006. UniStem Day is a one-day international outreach event organized for high school students and dedicated to the dissemination of the discoveries and findings of stem cell science and research. The first international UniStem Day was held in 2009 and since then close to one hundred universities and research centers have been involved in the outreach and dissemination activities. Every year some 30.000 students take part in the event.

CELAB joined the initiative in 2017 and since then it has hosted the Hungarian UniStem Day every year (except for 2021 due to the Covid-19 pandemic). As in the previous years, the 2023 edition of the UniStem Day was organized by Judit Sándor and Márton Varju, and it focused on the application of stem cell research in the field of medi-

cine. This year the three lecturers were András Dinnyés from the Cell Biology and Molecular Medicine Department of the University of Szeged; Elen Gócza from the Genetics and Biotechnology Institute of the Hungarian University of Agriculture and Life Sciences, Gödöllő; and András Füredi from Institute of Molecular Life Sciences at the Research Center for the Natural Sciences of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Prof. Dinnyés invited the audience for an adventure into the world of stem cells and talked about science and therapy in the 21st century; Prof. Gócza explored the possibilities of applying stem cell models in toxicological examinations; and Prof. Füredi gave a presentation on tumor stem cells. The event concluded with a panel discussion between the lecturers and the hosts from CELAB.

2.3.2. Falling Walls – Jury and Mentoring

The crumbling concrete blocks of the Berlin Wall marked the dawn of a new era of freedom by breaking barriers both physical and imaginary on the night of November 9, 1989. The Falling Walls Foundation is channeling this iconic image as a not-for-profit organization based in Berlin, devoted to the mission of bringing together those who set out to tear down the next walls in science and society. Starting with the inception of its first Conference on the 20th anniversary of the fall of the Berlin Wall in 2009, Falling Walls has become an ever-growing network of the most ambitious and forward-thinking minds from around the globe. The Falling Walls community is built on outstanding experiences of gathering, learning and the connection to a higher purpose by tackling the greatest challenges of this planet. "Together we stand for the freedom of thought and scientific research, and for making ground-breaking ideas accessible to society."

Judit Sándor has been a member of the Social Sciences and Humanities Jury of the Falling Walls competitions since 2020 and promoted innovative research in such fields as population health equity, gender equality, and the social implications of new technologies. In 2023 Prof. Sándor became mentor in the Falling Walls Female Science Talents program of the Falling Walls Foundation, and her first

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mentee is Sarah Scheidmantel from the University of Zürich. Ms. Scheidmantel is a cultural scientist and medical historian working on gender, sexuality, consumption and medical history. Her main interest is the study of how femininity was constructed between medicine and consumption around 1900, as women became consumers of beauty care devices.

2.3.3. Expert Hearing in the *Karsai v. Hungary* Case

In the case of *Karsai v. Hungary*, Application no. 32312/23, lodged on August 10, 2023 to the European Court of Human Rights a special expert hearing was organized. Judit Sándor was invited to act as an expert on bioethics in front of the Court and respond to the questions of the judges on November 27, 2023 before the public hearing was held on November 28, 2023, in Strasbourg.

In the Karsai case the applicant suffers from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) which is a fatal type of motor neuron disease. It is characterized by progressive degeneration of nerve cells in the spinal cord and brain. ALS is one of the most devastating of the disorders that affects the function of nerves and muscles. But ALS does not affect mental functioning or the senses (such as seeing or hearing), and it is not contagious. Currently, there is no cure for this disease. The applicant, Dániel Karsai argues that ALS causes degeneration of his motor function and, consequently, his muscles until the state of complete immobility. This health status results in an undignified state of existence. He receives care in Hungary. His petition aims to maintain his self-determination in case his conditions become unbearable.

In Europe while several Western European countries have legalized or decriminalized some forms of assistance in dying, in Central and Eastern Europe active such assistance would result in criminal charges. Decision on this case is expected in early 2024.

2.3.5. Philosophical and Bioethics Cafés and Related Activities on Bioethics

László Nemes, philosopher and CELAB Fellow, regularly organizes public philosophy discussion groups, such as Philosophical Cafés and Book Clubs, including a special one at a community psychiatry center called Ébredések (Awakenings) Foundation, in Budapest.

Following the original models of related international movements, the Philosophical Cafés, Bioethics Cafés, and Death Cafés provide an open forum for everyone who wants to come together and talk about philosophical questions in an accessible way. A Philosophical Café usually lasts one and a half hours and it is a group discussion of a chosen topic mediated by a philosophically trained facilitator. It is ideally held at a cozy public café. Besides focusing on a particular topic, these cafés are dynamic processes, providing opportunities for developing the ethics of group thinking. The Philosophical (or Bioethics) Book Club is based on somewhat different methods, given that even though the conversation format is largely similar, it is based on a particular book read by the participants in advance. These meetings invite people, regardless of their background, to talk about philosophical and bioethical issues and help them acquire the personal and social skills necessary for critical thinking.

3. ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES

3.1. TEACHING

CELAB faculty and fellows are involved in teaching at Central European University (CEU) and other universities in Hungary and other countries in the region. They offer courses closely related to CELAB's main areas of research. A key objective of CELAB is to establish an educational network dedicated to bioethics and biolaw within the region.

3.1.1 Teaching at CEU

Judit Sándor

Central European University, Vienna Campus
New Technologies and Human Rights (MA course, Autumn 2023)
Human Rights and Bioethics (MA, LLM course, Winter 2023)

3.1.2 Teaching and Lecturing at Other Institutions

Violeta Beširević

Union University Law School, Belgrade, Serbia
Medical Law, Constitutional Law, EU Law (BA level)
Politics and Law: Courts as Political Institutions (MA level)
Human Rights in Medical Context, Constitutionalism, and Democracy (Doctoral studies)

Mária Éva Földes

The Hague University of Applied Sciences, Netherlands – International and European Law BA program
EU Business Regulation (component on Consumer Protection in the EU)
Public Health, Animal Welfare and Food Safety (component on Health Law in the EU)

Minor on AI & Legal Technology (component on eHealth, Privacy and Data Protection)

EU Practice & Skills – Law-making in the European Union (tutoring)

ProCuria training on eHealth (for employees of the Indonesian Constitutional Court)

Erasmus School of Health Policy and Management, University Rotterdam, Netherlands – Assistant Professor in the MA Program on Health Economics, Policy and Law
International Health Law

György Kovács

Pázmány Péter Catholic University, Faculty of Law and Political Sciences, Budapest, Hungary
EU Intellectual Property Law (BA and LLM)
Relationship between EU Law and National Law (BA and LLM)
Intellectual Property and Digital Technology (BA)

László Nemes

Semmelweis University, Institute of Behavioral Sciences, Division of Bioethics, Budapest, Hungary
Bioethics
Medical Humanities (BA course)

Barna Szamosi

McDaniel College, Budapest, Hungary
Global Challenges in Biopolitics (BA course)
Qualitative Procedures (BA course)

Webster Vienna Private University, Vienna, Austria
Health, Illness, and Power (BA course)

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

4.1. PARTICIPATION IN CONFERENCES

During the 2022–2023 Academic Year, CELAB staff and fellows participated in the following academic and scientific events:

- Kádár Era, Kádárism, Limited Room for Maneuver: A Hungarian Model? [Kádár-korszak, kádárizmus, korlátozott mozgástér: Magyar modell?] National contemporary history conference, Miskolc
Presentation by Viola Lászlófi titled “The Crisis of Socialist Biopolitics or the Biopoliticization of the Crisis of Socialism? Health Care and Gratuity Payments in the 1970s and 1980s in Hungary [A szocialista biopolitika válsága vagy a szocializmus válságának biopolitizálódása? Az egészségügyi ellátás és a hálapénz az 1970-es és 1980-as években Magyarországon]”
September 1–3, 2022, Miskolc, Hungary
- General Conference of the European Consortium on Political Research (ECPR)
Presentation by Márton Varju titled “Hungarian Administrative Courts under Pressure: Can EU Law Save Judicial Review in Hungary?”
September 4–8, 2022, University of Innsbruck, Austria
- Children’s Rights in Biomedicine Conference
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled “Children’s Rights and Genome Editing”
September 12–13, 2022, Uppsala (online event)
- Leviathan Project Workshop
Workshop organized at the CEU Budapest Campus
Presentation by Márton Varju titled “Law and Health Care in State Socialism: A Case for Socialist Selective Legality?”
Presentation by Mária Éva Földes titled “Breaking the Taboo: End-of-Life Decisions in the Post-War Netherlands”
September 26–27, 2022, Budapest, Hungary
- Gerontology Days 2022, International Conference, University of Debrecen
International Conference organized by the University of Debrecen
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled “From Research Misconduct to Research Integrity: How to Correct the Alzheimer Literature after Lesné?”
October 6–7, 2022, Debrecen, Hungary
- 14th CEE Forum Conference – Legal Culture and Identity in Central and Eastern Europe
Bibó István Szakkollégium, Budapest
Presentation by Márton Varju titled “Socialist Law as a Particularist Experience? The “Fundamental” Right to Health in Socialist Constitutions in CEE”
October 6–7, 2022, Budapest, Hungary
- Public Health in East and Southeast Europe: Growth, Inequality and the State. Contemporary and Historical Perspectives
9th Annual Conference organized by the Leibniz-Institut für Ost- und Südosteuropaforschung, Regensburg
Presentation by Viola Lászlófi titled “Undisciplined Patients, Regulated Medical Authority? The Construction of State Socialist Medical Ethics and Their Implementation in Hungary”
October 13–15, 2022, Regensburg, Germany.
- Semmelweis University Symposium on ECMO (Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation)
József Kovács participated in the Roundtable Discussion on Ethical Questions
October 15, 2022, Budapest, Hungary
- Congress of Belgrade Psychiatrists Association: Whose Body is my Body?
Presentation by Violeta Beširević
October 25, 2022, Belgrade, Serbia

- Interdisciplinary Seminar on Reproductive Medicine and Ethics
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled "Reproductive Technologies and Human Rights"
November 3, 2022, Tartu, Estonia (hybrid conference)
- Inaugural Conference of the Research Institute for Creation Care
Pázmány Péter Catholic University
Lecture by György Kovács titled "Creation Care and Medical Law"
November 17, 2022, Budapest, Hungary
- 26th World Congress for Medical Law
Organized by the World Association of Medical Law
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled "New Rights in the Bio/Technological Landscape"
December 3–6, 2022, Gold Coast, Queensland, Australia (online lecture)
- Our Energy Future in a World of Disinformation
General Assembly and Conference co-organized by the European Network of Alumni Associations (ENAM) and the Irish U.S. Alumni Association (IUSA), Trinity College, Dublin
Presentation by György Kovács titled "The Digital Services Act and the Fight against Misinformation and Propaganda"
January 27, 2023, Dublin, Ireland
- Converging on the Person: Emerging Technologies for the Common Good
Assembly organized by The Pontifical Academy for Life, Vatican City, Rome
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled "Human Rights and New Emerging Technologies"
February 20–22, 2023, Rome, Italy
- Advancing Research Data Management and Sharing in Biomedicine
2023 Data Champions Symposium, organized by The Ottawa Hospital Research Institute
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled "The Role of Research Ethics Committees in Open Science and Responsible Data Sharing"
March 27, 2023, Ottawa, Canada (online event)
- European Social Science History
Annual conference organized by the ESSCH, Gothenburg
Presentation by Judit Sándor and Mária Éva Földes titled "Reproduction and Privacy in the Postwar Netherlands and Hungary"
April 12–14, 2023, Gothenburg, Sweden
- Ordinary General Meeting of EUREC (European Network of Research Ethics Committees)
Participation by Péter Kakuk
April 20–21, 2023, Berlin, Germany
- REMEDY Workshop on Research Ethics
Workshop organized by the Jagiellonian University, Krakow
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled "The Role of RECs in Responsible Data Sharing"
April 28, 2023, Kraków, Poland
- Competition Law and Digital Transformation
Conference organized by the Pázmány Péter Catholic University, Budapest
Presentation by György Kovács titled "The DMA and the GDPR – Interactions, Potential Implications for Businesses"
May 14, 2023, Budapest, Hungary
- Beyond Binaries: Gender, Sexuality, and Medicine in Postwar Europe 1945–1990
Conference organized by the Centre for the Study of Health, Ethics and Society, University of Hamburg
Presentation by Judit Sándor and Viola Lászlófi titled "Women Facing the Committee: Decision Making on Abortion in Postwar Hungary"
June 9–10, 2023, Hamburg, Germany
- WHO ERC Secretariat Meeting and Workshop
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled "Ethics Review and Responsible Data Sharing"
June 12–14, 2023, Geneva, Switzerland
- Monday Science (Hétfői Tudomány)
Event organized by the SE Surgery, Transplantation and Gastroenterology Clinic, Budapest
Presentation by József Kovács titled "Ethical Issues of Refusing Life-Saving Medical Treatments, with Particular Regard to the Refusal of Life-Saving Transfusions for Jehovah's Witness Patients [Az életmentő orvosi kezelések

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

- visszautasításának etikai kérdései, különös tekintettel az életmentő transzfúzió visszautasítására Jehova Tanúi betegek esetén]”
June 19, 2023, Budapest, Hungary
- Health and Genetic Data: Legal, Governance, and Administrative Transformations
International symposium organized by the Nordic Permed Law network focusing on new medical technology regulation
Presentation by Stefania Marassi and Éva Földes titled “Deployment of Wearable Sensor Devices in Healthcare and at the Workplace: Tackling the Regulatory Challenges Pertaining to Privacy and Data Protection”
June 19–21, 2023, online event
- History of Identity Documentation in European Nations: Citizenship, Nationality and Migration
COST Action CA21120 – Management Committee meeting and conference
Participation by Violeta Beširević
June 21–22, 2023, Maynooth University, Maynooth, Ireland
- Seventh European Society of Comparative Legal History Biennial Conference
Conference organized by the ESCLH, University of Augsburg, Augsburg
Presentation by Márton Varju titled “Protecting Human Health in State Socialist Central Europe: A Common Aim and Disparate Laws?”
June 21–23, 2023, Augsburg, Germany
- 27th WAML World Congress
World Congress for Medical Law organized by the World Association for Medical Law (WAML), Vilnius
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled “Knowing Me, Knowing You: Privacy and Emerging Technologies in Health Care”
July 31–August 4, 2023, Vilnius, Lithuania
- 3rd DATAETHICS Multiplier Event
Event symposium organized by the DATAETHICS Consortium, Semmelweis University, Budapest
Presentation in the round table discussion on ethical and legal aspects of biomedical big data by József Kovács titled “Ethical Problems of Biomedical Big Data”
August 17, 2023, Budapest, Hungary
- Methods in Bioethics and Philosophy of Medicine
35th European Conference on Philosophy of Medicine and Health Care organized by ESPMH
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled “End-of-Life Decisions in Hungary: The Hospital Black Box” in *Special Seminar on Assisted Dying, Euthanasia, and Autonomy*
Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled “Opening Up Past Futures: Eugenics, Family Planning and the Liberalization of Abortion”
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled “From the Biopolitics of Reproduction to the Bioethics of Reproduction”
August 23–26, 2023, Riga, Latvia
- Annual Congress of the Hungarian Medical Association of America
Conference organized by the HMAA-HC, Balatonfüred
Presentation by György Kovács titled “The Medical Professional’s Liability”
August 26, 2023, Balatonfüred, Hungary
- Oslo Conference of the European Association for the History of Medicine and Health
Presentation by Viola Lászlófi titled “The Crisis of Biopolitics or Biopoliticizing the Crisis? Discourses on the Problems of Socialist Healthcare in Late Socialist Hungary”
August 30–September 2, 2023, Oslo, Norway
- The Influence of Judicial Reform on Public Health and Human Rights
International Webinar Hosted by the Israeli Forum of Public Health, Law and Ethics
Presentation by Judit Sándor titled “Health Care under Illiberal Governance in Hungary”
September 7, 2023, Israel (online seminar)
- Socialist Governmentality? Healthcare, Technologies of the Self, and Subjectification in European State Socialism, 1945–1990
Workshop organized in the framework of the Leviathan ERC Project, by the Institute of the History of Medicine and Ethics in Medicine at the Charité Berlin
Participation by Judit Sándor – commentator to two papers
September 13–14, 2023, Berlin, Germany

From Rule of Law Backsliding to A Sustainable Rule of Law
 Conference organized by Radboud University, Nijmegen
 Panel chaired by Violeta Beširević titled “Judicial independence and the Courts”
 September 21–22, 2023, Nijmegen, The Netherlands

Ethics Review in the Social Sciences
 Workshop organized by the European Network of Research Ethics Committees (EUREC)
 Participation by Péter Kakuk
 September 27, 2023, online event

‘How to Take Patients’ Histories’: Doing Medical History from Below in Practice
 Workshop organized by the Descartes Centre of Utrecht University
 Presentation by Viola Lászlófi and Judit Sándor, titled “The Art of Asking for Abortion: Women’s Narratives before the Abortion Committees in the 1950s Hungary”
 September 28–29, 2023, Utrecht, Netherlands

66th Congress of the Hungarian Surgical Society [Magyar Sebésztársaság]
 Presentation by József Kovács titled “Ethical Issues Related to Refused Treatments [Etiikai kérdések a visszautasított kezelésekkkel kapcsolatban]”
 October 5, 2023, Siófok, Hungary

Future of Democracy – Where Do We Go Now?
 Conference organized by EPAG/ENAM, Tbilisi
 Presentation and panel discussion by György Kovács titled “The EU’s New Legislation in the Area of Digital Services and Media Freedom”
 October 6, 2023, Tbilisi, Georgia

Semmelweis ECMO_ECLS symposium
 Network roundtable on ethical issues organized by Dr. Habil. István Hartyánszky, Budapest
 Presentation by József Kovács titled “ECMO—Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation [ECMO—Extracorporális membránoxigenizáció]”
 October 13–14, 2023, Budapest, Hungary

Tensions and Intensions in Post-War Public Health in Europe

Conference organized by the Leviathan ERC Project, at the Brocher Foundation, Hermance

Presentation by Mária Éva Földes titled “Social Welfare Rights in Post-War Europe with Focus on the Field of Healthcare”

Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled “Mapping the Postwar Legacies of Eugenics in Socialist Countries: A Conceptual History of Eugenics in Hungary”

October 17–19, 2023, Hermance, Switzerland

Interactions Between the History of Science and Political Power [Tudománytörténet és politikai hatalom kölcsönhatásai]

Conference organized by the Hungarian Society of Natural Sciences, Budapest

Presentation by Viola Lászlófi titled “The Spirit of Socialism at the University Clinic? Social Aspects of Training and Practicing the Medical Norm in State Socialist Hungary [A szocializmus szelleme az egyetemi klinikán? Az orvosi normaképzés és gyakorlat társadalmi aspektusai államszocialista Magyarországon]”

November 9–10, 2023, Budapest, Hungary

Philosophical and Legal Theoretical Issues of End-of-Life Decisions [Az életvégi döntések filozófiai és jogelméleti kérdései]

Workshop organized by Lendület Értékek és Tudomány Kutatócsoport (in connection with dr. Dániel Karsai’s application to the European Court of Human Rights), Budapest

Presentation by József Kovács titled “Philosophical, Bioethical and Psychological Issues of End-of-Life Decisions [Az életvégi döntések filozófiai, bioetikai, pszichológiai kérdései]”

November 17, 2023, Budapest, Hungary

Human Rights, Bioethics and Biopolitics

Conference organized by CELAB, Central European University, Budapest

Presentation by Violeta Beširević titled “Mission (Im)Possible: Defending A Right to Die”

Presentation by József Kovács on “The Development of Bioethics in Hungary”

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

Presentation by Péter Kakuk titled “A CELAB Story”

December 12, 2023, Budapest, Hungary

Territory in Law and Politics

Conference organized by the Union University
Law School Belgrade

Presentation by Violeta Beširević titled “When the Flag Follows the Constitution: From Constitution to the Derecognition Campaign of a Contested State”

December 15, 2023, Belgrade, Serbia

4.2. SCIENCE COMMUNICATION AND MEDIA EVENTS

The Director and Fellows of CELAB participated in numerous media events and science communication initiatives. Their involvement included addressing contemporary ethical dilemmas in biomedicine and emerging technologies, thereby raising awareness. These activities also provided opportunities to enhance CELAB’s visibility in the media.

“The Fruit of Our Womb: Science and Reproduction [Méhünknek gyümölcse: Tudomány és reprodukció]”

Comments by Judit Sándor on ethical issues of reproduction

Nők Lapja (Hungarian weekly magazine)

October 26, 2022

“Bioethics: Assisted Reproduction [Bioetika: Mesterséges megtermékenyítés]”

Discussion with Tamás Barcsi, Judit Sándor and Gergely Tari. Moderated by Beáta Laki (in Hungarian)

Értékek és tudomány [Values and Science] podcast series

November 11, 2022

“Six Years after Lex CEU”

Short interview with Judit Sándor

Radio Free Europe [Including a Photo Report]

April 25, 2023

“Artificial Intelligence in Health Care: A Global Landscape”

Edited by Judit Sándor

WAML Newsletter

June 2023 issue

“The Five—with Gergő Bódy [Ötös—Bódy Gergővel]”

Discussion with Judit Sándor on the bioethical issues of sperm donation (from minute 67)

Ötös [The Five] podcast series

July 25, 2023

“Euthanasia Is Only Possible in Rich and Law-Abiding Countries [Csak gazdag és szabálykövető országokban lehet eutanázia]”

Interview with József Kovács

Népszava, Hungarian newspaper

October 16, 2023

“It Would Be Important to Get Doctors Involved in the Euthanasia Debate [Fontos lenne, hogy az orvosok is részt vegyenek az eutanázia vitájában]”

Interview with Péter Kakuk

Klubrádió, Reggeli Személy program

November 29, 2023

4.3. RESEARCH FELLOWS



Barna Szamosi

Barna Szamosi became a Post-Doctoral Researcher in the Leviathan Project at CELAB in November 2023. He defended his PhD in Comparative Gender Studies at CEU in 2019, and his dissertation focused on “The Legacy of Eugenic Discourses in the History of Hungarian Medicine.” At CELAB Mr. Szamosi aims to pursue his research interest in the role that eugenics played in the development of reproductive medicine in the state socialist period. Currently, he does a comparative inquiry on the influence of Anglo-American medical thinking on risk management in Hungarian medical genetics in the 1950s and 1960s. Prof. Szamosi works at Eszterházy Károly Catholic University in Eger as an assistant professor, and he regularly offers courses at McDaniel College in Budapest, and he taught at Webster Vienna Private University as an adjunct professor. His teaching portfolio includes courses from the fields of history, cultural studies, political science, and qualitative methodology.

As a post-doctoral fellow working in the Leviathan project, Barna Szamosi focuses on the research topic “The Development of Reproductive Medicine in Hungary during the Period of 1945–1989.”



Branka Bogdan

Branka Bogdan joins CELAB in January 2024 as Post-Doctoral Researcher in the Leviathan project. Branka completed her PhD at Monash University in March 2020 under the supervision of Paula Michaels and Michael Hau. Her dissertation analyzed reproduction, contraception, and abortion in socialist Yugoslavia, 1945-90. Her research revealed that reproductive regulation played a key role in Yugoslav state formation in the second half of the twentieth century, and her approaches to oral history brought the past into conversation with the present. Branka’s recent research has focused on the Auckland Antenatal Steroid Trial (1969–1974) through which she has examined the development of fetal medicine and clinical research in New Zealand in the second half of the twentieth century.

Her current project, titled “Reproductive Research across the Iron Curtain: Women, Birth Control, and Clinical Trials in Socialist Yugoslavia, 1945–1989” sees her return to research in Yugoslav history of women and medicine. The research begins in 1945 with the post-war global boom of pharmaceutical and technological innovation into reproductive and contraceptive therapies, the rise of Western second-wave feminism, and the beginnings of Yugoslav socialism. The research focuses on interventions into women’s reproductive bodies and examines the state of clinical research in Yugoslavia as the country’s communist leaders developed a vision of a centralized and federalized socialist state. Further, the research considers the ways that Yugoslav physicians and researchers navigated and affected international developments in informed consent, women’s participation in clinical research, and the ways that risk in pregnancy was conceptualized.

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

4.4. PUBLICATIONS

- Beširević, Violeta (2023) Militant Democracy: A Friend or Enemy of Democratic Backsliding? In Mark Tushnet and Dimitry Kochenov (eds.) *Research Handbook on the Politics of Constitutional Law*. Cheltenham and Northampton, MA: Edward Elgar Publishing, 659–674.
- Beširević, Violeta (2023) The Political Question Doctrine. In Mortimer Sellers and Stephen Kirste (eds.) *Encyclopedia of the Philosophy of Law and Social Philosophy*. Dordrecht: Springer (online reference entry).
- Beširević, Violeta (2023) *Osnovi ustavnog prava Evropske Unije* [EU Constitutional Law]. Belgrade: Službeni glasnik & PFUUB.
- Földes, Mária Éva (2022) Op-ed: Zijn we genoeg beveiligd? (Are we sufficiently protected?). *Brusselse Nieuwe*, November 15, 2022, available at <https://brusselenieuwe.nl/opinie-dramaria-foldes-zijn-we-genoeg-beveiligd/>
- Földes, Mária Éva (2024) If Jabless then Jobless? EU Court Refuses to Second-Guess National COVID-19 Vaccination Mandate Contested by Health-Care Worker. *International Labor Rights Case Law*, Issue 1, 2024 (forthcoming).
- Kakuk, Péter with Anna Catharina Vieira Armond (2023) Research Integrity Guidelines and Safeguards in Brazil. *Accountability in Research*, vol. 30, no. 3 (April 2023), 133–149.
- Kovács, György (2022) Együttműködő alkotmányosság az Európai Unióban, különös tekintettel a közelmúlt egyes alkotmánybíróági döntéseire [Cooperative Constitutionalism in the European Union, with special emphasis on recent decisions by European constitutional courts]. *Alkotmánybíróági Szemle*, vol. 13, no. 2 (December 2022), online first in January 2023.
- Kovács, György (2023) Az európai unió hatáskörei az egészséghez való jog, egészségügyi ellátások területén. Úton az európai egészségügyi unió felé? [The competences of the European Union in the field of the right to health and health benefits. On the way to the European health union?] *Glossa Iuridica*, vol. 10, no. 7, 55–68.
- Kovács, György (2024) Teremtésvédelem és az egészséghez való jog nemzetközi védelme [Creation Care and the International Protection of the Right to Health]. *Iustum Aequum Salutare*, vol. 20, no. 1 (November 2023), 171–183.
- Kovács, József (2022) Terapeuta keresése szakmai Facebook csoportban. Esetelemzés [Looking for a Therapist in Professional Facebook Groups]. In István Tiringner (ed.) *A pszichoterápiás gyakorlat etikai kérdései* [Ethical Questions of Psychotherapeutic Practice] Budapest: MentálPort Kiadó, 207–209. (originally published in *Pszichoterápia*, vol. 25, no. 2).
- Kovács, József with István András Fogarasi and Éva Belicza (2023) A humán papillomavírus elleni védőoltást megelőző betegtájékoztatás egyes különleges szempontjai: Lehet néha indokolt, ami nem szükséges, és mással helyettesíthető, ami szükséges? *Orvosi Hetilap*, vol. 164, no. 45, 1795–1802.
- Lászlófi, Viola with Janka Kovács (eds.) (2022) “History of Crises,” Special issue. *Sic Itur ad Astra*, no. 74. (2022)
- Lászlófi, Viola with Janka Kovács and Fanni Svégel (eds.) (2023) “Civil Society”, Special issue. *Sic Itur ad Astra*, no. 80. (2023)
- Lászlófi, Viola with Janka Kovács (eds.) (2023) “Medical Authority and Professional Power Relations in East Central Europe in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries: Actors, Spaces, Discourses,” Special issue. *Hungarian Historical Review*, vol. 12, no. 3 (2023).
- Lászlófi, Viola (forthcoming) Orvosi tekintet, állambiztonsági megfigyelés, hatalmi szűrkezőna: az orvosi tudás és a társadalmi ellenőrzés technikái az államszocialista Magyarországon. In Széchenyi, Mihály (ed.) *Egy underground történéssz.* L. A. 55 éves, Budapest: Gondolat. (in press)
- Lászlófi, Viola (forthcoming) The Crisis of Biopolitics or Biopoliticizing the Crisis? Discourses on the Problems of Socialist Healthcare in Late Socialist Hungary. In Balázs Trencsényi, Lucija Balikić, Una Blagojević, and Isidora Grubački (eds.) *A Never-Ending Story? East Central European Crisis Discourses in the Twentieth Century*. London: Routledge. (in press)

- Lászlófi, Viola with Sándor, Judit (forthcoming) Women Facing the Committee: Decision-Making on Abortion in Postwar Hungary, *Hungarian Historical Review*, vol. 12, no. 3 (2023): 493–523.
- Lászlófi, Viola (forthcoming) (Un)disciplined Patients, (Un)controlled Medical Authority? Governmentality and the Changing Norms of Health Care in State Socialist Hungary. *East Central Europe*, vol. 51, no. 1 (in press).
- Nemes, László (2023) A társállat halála – Gondolatok Beregi Tamás *Egyszer egy kutya* című regényéről [Death of a companion animal – Notes on Tamás Beregi's novel *Egyszer egy kutya* (Once a dog)], *Kharón-Thanatológiai Szemle*, 2023/1, 1–11.
- Nemes László (2023) A kihalás melankóliája [The melancholy of extinction]. *Imágó 2023*, vol. 12, no. 1, 57–74.
- Nemes, László (2023) A vadon szava: egy farkas (M237) halálára [The call of the wild: on the death of a wolf (M237)], *Pannonhalmi Szemle*, vol. 31, no. 2, 50–60.
- Nemes, László (2023) The Garden is the New Café: Vegetal Metaphysics and Community Philosophy. *Interdisciplinary Research in Counseling, Ethics and Philosophy*, vol. 3, no. 8, 58–70.
- Nemes, László (2023) Az élet értelméről: az állati narratívák etikája [On the Meaning of Life: The Ethics of Animal Narratives]. In Antal Lovas Kiss (ed.) *Tanulmányok az ember és állat kapcsolat értelmezéséhez I*. Debreceni Egyetem, 6–16.
- Sándor, Judit with Moreno, Jonathan and Schmidt, Ulf (2022) Autonomy and Social Responsibility: The Post-Pandemic Challenge. *Perspectives in Biology and Medicine*, vol. 65, no. 3 (Summer 2022), 426–441.
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- Sándor, Judit (2022) The Right to Have a Child: Through the Lens of the Third Phase Reproductive Technologies. In Marcello Lenca, Oreste Pollicino, Laura Liguori, Elisa Stefanini, and Roberto Andorno (eds.) *The Cambridge Handbook of Information Technology, Life Sciences and Human Rights*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 56–70.
- Sándor, Judit (2022) Le consentement à l'acte médical en Hongrie, entre un choix délibéré et une condition purement formelle. In Amel Aouij Mrad, Brigitte Feuillet-Liger, Aurélien Rissel (eds.) *Le consentement à l'acte médical: Autonomie réelle ou fictive? Panorama international*. Bordeaux: LEH Éditions, 131–141.
- Sándor, Judit (2022) Avortement en Hongrie: Tension entre un cadre juridique relativement libéral et une politique nataliste. In Guillaume Rousset (ed.) *L'interruption de grossesse en droit comparé: entre cultures et universalisme*. Brussels: Bruylant, 323–335.
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- Sándor, Judit (2023) Legal Debates on Reproduction in Hungary. In Moa Dahlin, Jameson Garland, Anna-Sara Lid, Anna Singer, and Santa Slokenberga (eds.), *Festskrift till Elisabeth Rynning*. Uppsala: lustus, 319–331.
- Sándor, Judit (2023) A covid-járvány emberi jogi tanulságai [Human Rights Lessons of the Covid Pandemic]. In Mihály Filó (ed.) *Életvégi döntések járvány idején* [End-of-Life Decisions during the Pandemic]. Budapest: Medicina, 11–27.
- Sándor, Judit (ed.) (2023) Artificial Intelligence in Health Care: Global Landscape. *WAML Newsletter*, June 2023.
- Sándor, Judit (2023) Serving the Common Good: The Role of Human Rights in Regulating Convergent New Technologies. In Vincenzo Paglia and Renzo Pegoraro (eds.) *Converging on the Person*. Vatican City: Pontifical Academy for Life, 95–111.
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- Szamosi, Barna (2022) Science and Technology Studies Engagements with the Influence of Eugenics on Medicine. *Eger Journal of American Studies*, vol. 17 (August 2022), 153–168.

4. EVENTS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

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- Varju, Márton (2022) Felelős kutatás és innováció: A társadalmi részvétel és befolyásolás lehetőségei a magyar kutatás- és innovációs szabályozásban. In Pál Valentiny, Krisztina Antal-Pomázi, Zombor Berezhvai, Csongor István Nagy (eds.) *Verseny és szabályozás, 2022*. Budapest: KRTK Közgazdaságtudományi Intézet, 59–89.
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- Varju, Márton (2023) Varieties of Member State Capitalisms and the European Economic Constitution. A Folly or Flexible Framework? In Achilles Skordas, Gábor Halmai, Lisa Mardikian (eds.) *Economic Constitutionalism in a Turbulent World*. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar, 136–160.
- Varju, Márton with Mónika Papp (2023) An Opportunity Seized or Lost? The Application of Article 47 of the Charter by Hungarian Courts. In Matteo Bonelli, Mariolina Eliantonio, Giulia Gentile (eds.) *Article 47 of the EU Charter and Effective Judicial Protection*. Volume 2: The National Courts' Perspectives. Oxford, New York, and Dublin: Hart Publishing, 89–108.
- Varju, Márton with István Hoffmann and Mónika Papp (2023) Can EU Law and the Right to Effective Judicial Protection Rescue Judicial Review in Hungary? *European Public Law*, vol. 29, no. 3 (2023), 255–274.

4.5. AWARDS, APPOINTMENTS, PROFESSIONAL SERVICE AND SPECIAL EVENTS

Éva Földes

Recipient of a 2-year research grant by Regieorgaan SIA, which is part of the Dutch Research Council, funded by Dutch government agencies. The postdoc grant was awarded to conduct research and teaching on the integration of eHealth tools in patient care and the related privacy and data protection challenges. Designed to strengthen the link between education, research and practice, the outputs included publications, training, and educational materials. The project was successfully completed in 2023.

Péter Kakuk

Consultant for the World Health Organization, Geneva headquarters, Health Ethics and Governance Unit
 President, European Society for Philosophy of Medicine and Healthcare
 Vice-chair, Cambridge Consortium for Bioethics Education, Hungarian working group
 Ethics review for the European Commission (ERC, MSCA, H2020)
 Ambassador for the Embassy of Good Science platform, <https://embassy.science/>
 Member of the European Network of Research Ethics Committees, <http://www.eurecnet.org/index.html>
 Associate Editor of *Medicine, Healthcare and Philosophy* (Springer-Nature)
 Editorial Board Member of *Ethics & Bioethics in Central Europe* (Sciendo - De Gruyter)

György Kovács

Head of a graduate program on Artificial Intelligence, Digital Technology and Data Economy at Pázmány Péter Catholic University
 Recipient of the For the HMAA award – awarded by the Hungarian American Medical Association

Member of the Budapest Bar Association
 Member of the Bar Exam Committee at the Ministry of Justice

Member of the Public Body of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences

President of the Hungarian Fulbright Association (re-elected in 2023)

Executive Board Member of the European Network of American Alumni Associations (re-elected in 2023)

József Kovács

Member of Dataethics project (2021–2023), in the framework of Eurolife consortium (Semmelweis University is a consortium partner) (<http://eurolifeuniversities.org> and <https://www.dataethics-eurolife.eu>)

László Nemes

Chief organizer of the professional group called Bioetika Oktatás Magyarországi Munkacsoportja (BOMM, the Hungarian Working Group of Bioethics Education)

Judit Sándor

Appointed as an expert in the Case of Karsai v. Hungary (Application no. 32312/23) at the European Court of Human Rights in accordance with Rule A5 § 1 of the Annex to the Rules of Court. She is requested to appear in front of the Court in Strasbourg and to provide her expert opinion on a pending application before the European Court of Human Rights. The case concerns complaints under Articles 3, 8 and/or 9 taken alone or in conjunction with Article 14 of the Convention raised by the applicant, who suffers from amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), in the context of issues related to self-determined death.

Member of the Advisory Board of the Institute of Ethics at Dublin City University
 Governor at the World Association of Medical Law

Jury Member in the Falling Walls Social Sciences and Humanities section (2020–2023)

Jury Member in the Falling Walls Breakthrough Day (2022)

Mentor in the Falling Walls Female Science Talents program (2022–2023)

5. BUDGET

5.1. REVENUES IN AY 2022/2023

Budget from CEU

Budget category	Amount in Euro
CE5036ETL	64,197
Total	64,197

External Funding

Budget category	Amount in Euro
Leviathan project	348,324
of which overhead income	69,665
of which central	48,766
of which CELAB	20,899
Total	348,324

5.2. SPENDING IN AY 2022/2023

CE5036ETL

Budget category	Amount in Euro
Personal expenses	59,158
Non-personal	4,347
Total	63,506

Leviathan project

Budget category	Amount in Euro
Personal expenses	283,641
Other costs	9,962
Total direct spending	293,603
Total indirect spending	15,249

